

Instructions for Use

Life Science Kits & Assays



innuPREP Plant RNA Kit - PP Mini

Order No.:

845-PS-0110016	16 reactions
845-PS-0110096	96 reactions

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It needs not necessarily agree with future versions. Subject to change!

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1 Introduction

1.1 Intended use

The innuPREP Plant RNA Kit – PP Mini has been designed for simple, reliable and fast isolation of total RNA from different kinds of plant material.

The extraction procedure takes place on the magnetic particle processor PurePrep Mini and allows the parallel and flexible extraction from 1 up to 16 samples.

The extraction process starts with sample lysis (external step) followed by completely automated RNA extraction, including DNA digestion, on PurePrep Mini.

The kit is intended for use by professional users. The kit has been designed to be used for a wide range of different downstream applications, like amplification reactions and further analytical procedures.



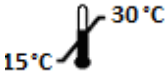





CONSULT INSTRUCTION FOR USE



This package insert must be read carefully before use. Package insert instructions must be followed accordingly. Reliability of results cannot be guaranteed if there are any deviations from the instructions in this package insert.

1.2 Notes on the use of this manual and the kit

For easy reference and orientation, the manual and labels use the following warning and information symbols as well as the shown methodology:

Symbol	Information
	REF Catalogue number.
	Content Contains sufficient reagents for <N> reactions.
	Storage conditions Store at room temperature or shown conditions respectively.
	Consult instructions for use This information must be observed to avoid improper use of the kit and the kit components.
	Expiry date
	Lot number The number of the kit charge.
	Manufactured by Contact information of manufacturer.
	For single use only Do not use components for a second time.
	Note / Attention Observe the notes marked in this way to ensure correct function of the kit and to avoid operating errors for obtaining correct results.

The following systematic approach is introduced in the manual:

- The chapters and figures are numbered consecutively.
- A cross reference is indicated with an arrow (e.g. → „Notes on the use of this manual“ p. 3).
- Working steps are numbered.

2 Safety precautions

NOTE

Read through this chapter carefully before use to guarantee your own safety and a trouble-free operation.

Follow all the safety instructions explained in the manual, as well as all messages and information, which are shown.

All due care and attention should be exercised in handling the materials and reagents contained in the kit. Always wear gloves while handling these reagents and avoid any skin contact! In case of contact, flush eyes or skin with a large amount of water immediately.



FOR SINGLE USE ONLY!

This kit is made for single use only!

ATTENTION!

Don't eat or drink components of the kit!

The kit shall only be handled by educated personnel in a laboratory environment!

If the buffer bottles are damaged or leaking, wear gloves and protective goggles when discarding the bottles in order to avoid any injuries. This kit can be used with potentially infectious samples. Therefore, all liquid waste must be considered as potentially infectious and must be handled and discarded according to local safety regulation.

Please observe the federal, state and local safety and environmental regulations. Follow the usual precautions for applications using extracted nucleic acids. All materials and reagents used for DNA or RNA isolation should be free of DNases or RNases.

ATTENTION!

Do not add bleach or acidic components to the waste after sample preparation!

NOTE

Emergency medical information in English and German can be obtained 24 hours a day from:

Poison Information Center, Freiburg / Germany

Phone: +49 (0)761 19 240.

For more information on GHS classification and the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) please contact sds.innu@ist-ag.com.

3 General notes and safety recommendations on handling RNA

RNA is far less stable than DNA. It is very sensitive to degradation by endogenous RNases in the biological material and exogenous RNases which are permanently present everywhere in the lab. To achieve satisfactory qualitative and quantitative results in RNA preparations, contaminations with exogenous RNases have to be reduced to a minimum in accordance with the following recommendations:

- Always wear latex or vinyl gloves while handling reagents and RNA samples to prevent RNase contaminations from surface of the skin or from dusty laboratory equipment.
- Change gloves frequently and keep tubes closed.
- Keep isolated RNA on ice.
- Reduce preparation time as much as possible.
- Use only sterile, disposable polypropylene tubes throughout the procedure (these tubes are generally RNase-free.)
- Non-disposable plastic ware should be treated before use to ensure that it is RNase-free. Plastic ware should be thoroughly rinsed with 0.1 M NaOH, 1 mM EDTA followed by RNase-free water. You can also take chloroform-resistant plastic ware rinsed with chloroform to inactivate RNases.

- All glassware should be treated before use to ensure that it is RNase-free. Glassware should be cleaned with detergent, thoroughly rinsed and oven baked at 240 °C for four hours or more before use. Autoclaving will not inactivate RNase activity completely. Oven baking inactivates RNases and ensures that no other nucleic acids (such as plasmid DNA) are present on the surface of the glassware. You can also clean glassware with 0.1 % DEPC (diethyl pyrocarbonate). The glassware has to be immersed in 0.1 % DEPC solution for 12 hours at 37 °C followed by autoclaving or heating to 100 °C for 15 minutes to remove residual DEPC.
- Electrophoresis tanks should be cleaned with detergent solution (e.g. 0.5 % SDS), thoroughly rinsed with RNase-free water, rinsed with ethanol and finally allowed to dry.
- All buffers have to be prepared with DEPC-treated RNase-free water.
- Avoid handling bacterial cultures, cell cultures or other biological sources of RNases in the same lab where the RNA purification will be performed.
- Do not use equipment, glassware and plastic ware employed for other applications which might introduce RNase contaminations in the RNA isolation.

4 Storage conditions

All kit components are shipped at ambient temperature.

Upon arrival store **DNase I** and **DNase I Digestion Buffer** at -22 to -18 °C and **MAG Suspension F** at 4 °C to 8 °C.

All other components of the kit should be stored dry at room temperature (15 °C to 30 °C). When stored at room temperature, the kit is stable until the expiration date printed on the label on the kit box.

If there are any precipitates within the provided solutions solve these precipitates by careful warming. Before every use make sure that all components have room temperature.

5 Functional testing and technical assistance

The IST Innuscreen GmbH guarantees the correct function of the kit for applications as described in the manual. This product has been produced and tested in an ISO 13485 certified facility.

We reserve the right to change or modify our products to enhance their performance and design. If you have any questions or problems regarding any aspects of the **innuPREP Plant RNA Kit PP-Mini** or other IST Innuscreen GmbH products, please do not hesitate to contact us. For technical support or further information in Germany please contact info.innu@ist-ag.com. For other countries please contact your local distributor.

6 Product use and warranty

The kit is not designed for the usage of other starting materials or other amounts of starting materials than those referred to in the manual (→ "Product specifications" p. 9). Since the performance characteristics of IST Innuscreen GmbH kits have only been validated for the application described above, the user is responsible for the validation of the performance of IST Innuscreen GmbH kits using other protocols than those described below. IST Innuscreen GmbH kits may be used in clinical diagnostic laboratory systems after the laboratory has validated the complete diagnostic system as required by CLIA' 88 regulations in the U.S. or equivalents in other countries.



All products sold by IST Innuscreen GmbH are subjected to extensive quality control procedures and are warranted to perform as described when used correctly. Any problems should be reported immediately.

NOTE

This kit is for research use only!

7 Kit components

7.1 Components included in the kit

	 16	 96
REF	845-PS-0110016	845-PS-0110096
Lysis Solution RL	8 ml	50 ml
Lysis Solution PL	8 ml	50 ml
MAG Suspension F	0.25 ml	1.1 ml
DNase I	75 µl	4 x 75 µl
DNase I Digestion Buffer	2 x 1.5 ml	10 x 1.5 ml
Washing Solution HS (conc.)	7 ml	50 ml
Washing Solution LS (conc.)	6 ml	35 ml
RNase-free Water	2 x 2 ml	20 ml
Manual	1	1

7.2 Components not included in the kit

- 1.5 ml tubes
- 96 %–99.8 % ethanol (molecular biology grade, undenatured)
- Isopropanol (molecular biology grade)
- 96-well-plates or strips and tip combs for PurePrep Mini

8 Product specifications

1. Starting material:

- Up to 100 mg fresh, frozen or dried plant material
- 120 - 180 mg wet weight (if material is very wet/ contains more water)

2. Time for automated extraction protocol on PurePrep Mini:

- Approx. 40 minutes (excluding external lysis)

3. Typical yield:

- Depending on the kind and initial amount of the starting material

9 Initial steps before starting

- Add the indicated volume of absolute ethanol to **Washing Solution HS (conc.)** and mix thoroughly. Always keep the bottle firmly closed!

845-PS-0060016 Add 7 ml ethanol to 7 ml **Washing Solution HS**.

845-PS-0060096 Add 50 ml ethanol to 50 ml **Washing Solution HS**.

- Add the indicated volume of absolute ethanol to **Washing Solution LS (conc.)** and mix thoroughly. Always keep the bottle firmly closed!

845-PS-0060016 Add 24 ml ethanol to 6 ml **Washing Solution LS**.

845-PS-0060096 Add 140 ml ethanol to 35 ml **Washing Solution LS**.

- Prepare DNase I Digestion Solution according to the number of samples

Component	8 samples	16 samples	n samples
DNase I	30 µl	54 µl	3 µl x n+2
DNase I Digestion Buffer	1.37 ml	2.5 ml	137 µl x n+2
Final volume	1.4 ml	2.55ml	140 µl x n+2

- Avoid freezing and thawing of starting material.

10 Sample Preparation

NOTE

For the homogenization of plant sample it is possible to use commercially available rotor-stator homogenizer or (e.g. SpeedMill, Precellys, Fastprep, Bead Raptor etc.). It is also possible to disrupt the starting material using mortar and pestle in liquid nitrogen and grind the plant sample to a fine powder or grind the starting material with sand.

10.1 Homogenization of plant sample

10.1.1 Homogenization using a rotor-stator homogenizer

NOTE

To maximize the final yield of total RNA a complete homogenization of plant sample is important!

1. Transfer weighed amount of fresh or frozen starting material in a suitable reaction vessel for the homogenizer.
 2. Add 450 µl Lysis Solution RL or 450 µl Lysis Solution PL.
-

NOTE

The yield of extracted RNA depends on the type of Lysis Solution used. Most plant material can be processed with Lysis Solution RL. Some kinds of plant material should be processed with Lysis Solution PL. Please start the extraction process with Lysis Solution RL. In case of low yield or no yield please use Lysis Solution PL.

3. Homogenize the sample.
4. Transfer the homogenized sample into a 1.5 ml reaction tube and leave the sample in Lysis Solution RL or Lysis Solution PL for longer storage at -22 °C to -18 °C or use the sample immediately for isolation of total RNA following the protocol from step 5
5. After lysis spin down unlysed material by centrifugation at maximum speed for 1 minute.

NOTE

To maximize the final yield of total RNA a complete disruption and lysis of the cell pellet is important! No cell clumps should be visible after lysis step.

6. Proceed with "Automated extraction using PurePrep Mini" on p.13.

10.1.2 Disruption by using mortar and pestle

1. Transfer the weighed amount of fresh or frozen starting material under liquid nitrogen and grind the material to a fine powder.
 2. Transfer the powder into a 1.5 ml reaction tube. Don't allow the sample to thaw!
 3. Add **450 µl Lysis Solution RL** or **450 µl Lysis Solution PL** and incubate the sample until complete lysis under continuous shaking.
-

NOTE

The yield of extracted RNA depends on the type of Lysis Solution used. Most plant material can be processed with Lysis Solution RL. Some kinds of plant material should be processed with Lysis Solution PL. Please start the extraction process with Lysis Solution RL. In case of low yield or no yield please use Lysis Solution PL.

4. Leave the sample in **Lysis Solution RL** or **Lysis Solution PL** for longer storage at -22 °C to -18 °C or use the sample immediately for isolation of total RNA following protocol step 5
 5. After lysis spin down unlysed material by centrifugation at maximum speed for 1 minute.
-

NOTE

To maximize the final yield of total RNA a complete disruption and lysis of the cell pellet is important! No cell clumps should be visible after lysis step.

6. Proceed with "Automated extraction using PurePrep Mini" on p.13.

11 Automated extraction using PurePrep Mini

IMPORTANT

Make sure Washing Solution HS and LS as well as DNase I Digestion Solution have been prepared as indicated (refer to p. 10 "Initial steps before starting").

Vortex MAG Suspension F thoroughly before use!

11.1 Prefilling of the DW Plate or the DW Strips

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
A	DNase Digest	Sample 1	→			Eluate 1	DNase Digest	Sample 9	→			Eluate 9	
B		Sample 2	→			Eluate 2		Sample 10	→			Eluate 10	
C		Sample 3	→			Eluate 3		Sample 11	→			Eluate 11	
D		Sample 4	→			Eluate 4		Sample 12	→			Eluate 12	
E		Sample 5	→			Eluate 5		Sample 13	→			Eluate 13	
F		Sample 6	→			Eluate 6		Sample 14	→			Eluate 14	
G		Sample 7	→			Eluate 7		Sample 15	→			Eluate 15	
H		Sample 8	→			Eluate 8		Sample 16	→			Eluate 16	

Fig. 1: Schematic illustration of DW Plate

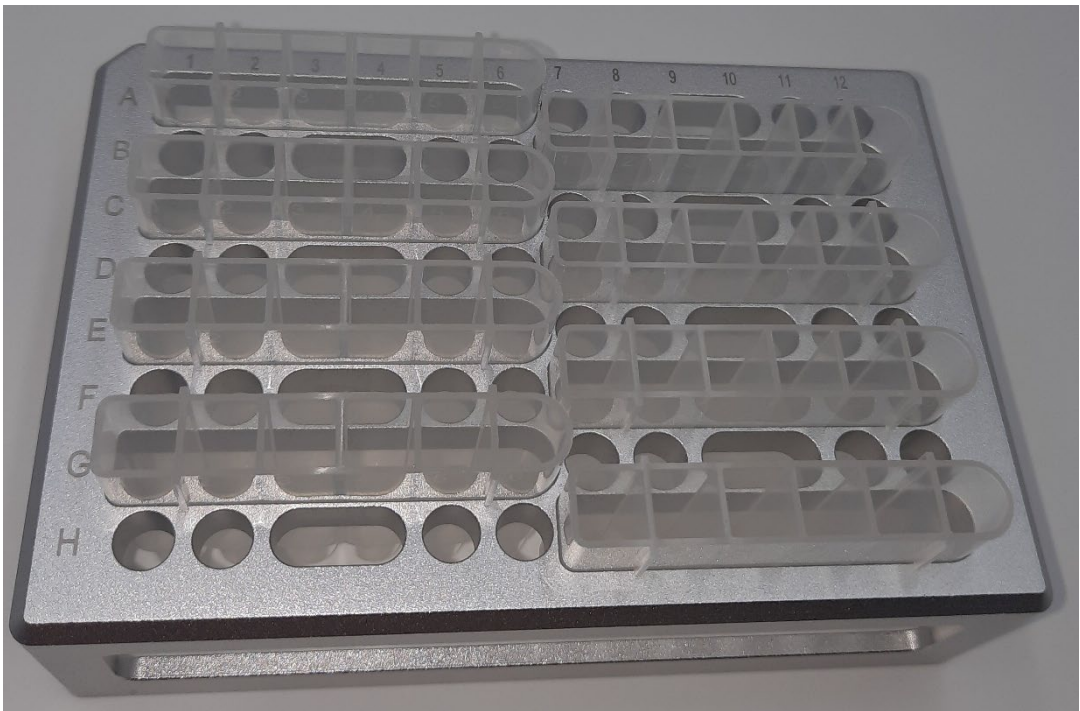


Fig. 2: Arrangement of the DW Strips in Tray

Cavity of KF96 DW Plate/Strip	Content
Cavity 1 + 7	140 µl DNase I Digestion Solution
Cavity 2 + 8	400 µl lysed sample + 400 µl Isopropanol + 10 µl MAG Suspension F
Cavity 3 + 9	800 µl Washing Solution HS
Cavity 4 + 10	800 µl Washing Solution LS
Cavity 5 + 11	800 µl Washing Solution LS
Cavity 6 + 12	100 µl – 150 µl RNase-free Water (volume depends on starting material and expected yield)

The prefilling is carried out from left to right as shown in the illustration, Fig. 1. The DW Strips located in the tray are filled in the same way.

11.2 Loading filled Deep Well Plate/Strips to the PurePrep Mini and plug in the Tip Combs

NOTE

- When using a strip (strips), the strip is inserted into the metal tray. In total, a maximum of 8 strips can be used in one extraction-run.
- When working with strips, only every other tip of the tip comb will be used for extraction.

Left tray side: Tip 1, 3, 5, 7

Right tray side: Tip 2, 4, 6, 8.

- It is recommended to mark the tips used for the extraction so that they are not used more than once.

-
1. Select the protocol
"RNAheat" and start the run.
 2. After finishing the extraction protocol, the Cavities 6 and 12 contain the isolated RNA.
 3. Transfer the RNA into a fresh 1.5 ml Tube.
-

IMPORTANT NOTE

After finishing the extraction protocol, the last cavity of the Plate/Strip contains the isolated DNA/RNA. Store the DNA/RNA under adequate conditions.

We recommend storing the extracted RNA at -82°C to -78°C .

12 Troubleshooting

Problem / probable cause	Comments and suggestions
Poor lysis of starting material	
Insufficient disruption or homogenization	After lysis centrifuge lysate to pellet debris and continue with the protocol using the supernatant. Reduce amount of starting material.
Insufficient lysis time.	Increase length of lysis step.
Little or no total RNA eluted	
Insufficient disruption or homogenization	Reduce amount of starting material. Overloading reduces yield!
DNA contamination	
Too much starting material	Reduce amount of starting material or increase volume of DNase I.
Incorrect lysis of starting material	Use the other Lysis Solution Use the recommended techniques for lysis of cell pellet.
Total RNA degraded	
RNA source inappropriately handled or stored	Ensure that the starting material is fresh! Ensure that the protocol, especially the first steps, has been performed quickly.
RNase contamination of solutions, etc.	Use sterile, RNase-free filter tips. Before every preparation clean up the pipette, the devices and the working place. Always wear gloves!
Lysis step too long.	Reduce length of lysis step.

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